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Met Invest

Group Fund Monthly Fund Performance

June 2021 Edition

THE LINKED INSURANCE PRODUCTS DO NOT OFFER ANY LIQUIDITY DURING THE FIRST FIVE YEARS OF THE CONTRACT. THE POLICYHOLDER WILL NOT BE ABLE TO SURRENDER/WITHDRAW THE MONIES INVESTED IN LINKED INSURANCE PRODUCTS COMPLETELY OR PARTIALLY TILL THE END OF THE FIFTH YEAR.



The month gone by - A snapshot

Global equity markets rallied in June, as re-opening of developed market economies led to an increase in economic activity amidst improvement in business and consumer sentients. The economic growth projections for US and EU have been revised upwards. The US polity is negotiating implementation of another fiscal stimulus package directed towards infrastructure spending.

Crude oil prices increased to US\$ 75/barrel due to increase in demand from reopening of global economies. The continuing increase in energy prices is emerging as a concern for markets.

Most major central banks have reiterated their commitment towards continuing policy support. Some policymakers, however, have begun to sound caution on inflation.

Economy recovering from Covid-19 second wave

The Government has extended relief measures to adversely affected sectors of the economy, particularly healthcare, hospitality and tourism. The quantum of credit guarantee through the banking system has been increased to Rs 4.5 lakh crores. The scheme of free food grains to vulnerable families has been extended till November 2021.

There has been a rebound in economic activities as indicated by several high frequency indicators. The government has significantly expanded the vaccination drive over the past few weeks. However, the possibility of a third wave remains a key risk for markets.

RBI reiterates monetary policy support

In its June monetary policy meeting, RBI reduced the FY22 GDP growth estimate to 9.5%. It reiterated its focus towards prioritizing economic growth. The central bank expects inflation pressure to be transient owing to supply chain disruptions. It maintained CPI inflation estimate at 5.1% for FY22. FIIs withdrew US\$ 583mn from the Indian debt market in June 2021.

Outlook: The fixed income market sentiment has been adversely affected due to higher inflation in May and increase in energy prices. RBI continues to take measures to maintain stability in bond yields. Despite bearish sentiments, supportive measures by the central bank are expected to curb undue volatility in the near term.

Equity markets consolidate in June

Post the sharp rally in May, equity markets took a breather in June with 1% gain in Nifty Index. The undertone was positive led by strong corporate results and positive reopening trends. Information Technology and Fast-Moving Consumer Goods sectors outperformed while Banking and Oil & Gas sectors underperformed. FII inflows into equity markets in June was at US\$ 1.6bn.

Outlook: India's macro-economic activities have been showing improvement across indicators. The global data points also remain supportive. The pace of vaccination has significantly improved; this is expected to support faster normalisation. The government continues to announce relief measures for troubled sectors, thereby aiding the ensuing economic recovery.

The corporate performance for Q1 FY22 was impressive leading to earnings upgrades. Though valuations are slightly above historical average, benign liquidity conditions and improving domestic flows are expected to support equity markets. We continue to maintain a positive stance on equities.

Sanjay Kumar Chief Investment Officer

Glossary

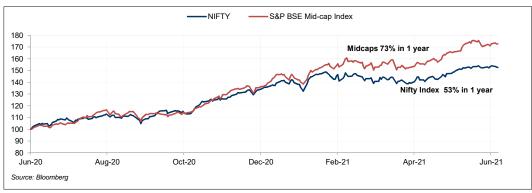
Indicators	Jun 2020	Mar 2021	Jun 2021	QoQ Change	YoY Change
Economic indicators					
Consumer Price Index (CPI) Inflation (%)	6.3	5.0	6.3	1.3	0.0
Gross Domestic Product (GDP Growth) %	3.0	0.5	1.6	1.1	-1.4
Index of Industrial Production (IIP) (%)	-57.3	-0.6	134.4	135.0	191.7
Brent crude oil (USD/barrel)	41	64	75	17%	83%
Domestic Markets					
Nifty Index	10,302	14,691	15,722	7%	53%
S&P BSE Mid-cap Index	13,055	20,181	22,536	12%	73%
10-year G-Sec Yield (%)	5.9	6.2	6.1	-10 bps	20 bps
30-year G-Sec Yield (%)	6.8	6.8	7.1	30 bps	30 bps
10-year AAA PSU Corporate Bond Yield (%)	6.8	7.2	6.8	-40 bps	0 bps
Exchange rate (USD/INR) *	75.5	73.1	74.3	2%	-2%
Global Markets					
Dow Jones (U.S.)	25,813	32,982	34,503	5%	34%
FTSE (U.K.)	6,170	6,714	7,037	5%	14%
Nikkei 225 (Japan)	22,288	29,179	28,792	-1%	29%

Source: Central Statistics Organisation (CSO), RBI, Bloomberg. *Negative growth number signals INR appreciation against USD, while positive growth number signals depreciation.







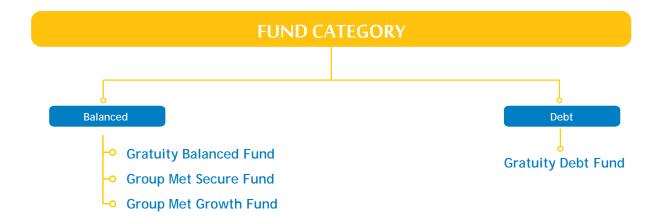


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UNIT-LINKED Fund

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SFIN No: ULGF00205/06/04GRABALANCE117

As on June 30, 2021

Gratuity Balanced

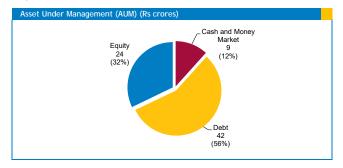
Investment Objective: To generate capital appreciation and current income, through a judicious mix of investments in equities and fixed income securities.

Investment Philosophy: The fund will target 30% investments in Equities and 70% investments in Government & other debt securities to meet the stated objectives.

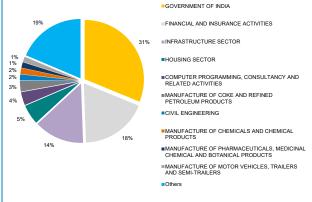
Portfolio Return As on June 30, 2021							
Doturne	Absolut	e Return		CA	GR Return		
Returns	Last 1 Month	Last 6 Months	Last 1 Year	Last 2 Years	Last 3 Years	Since Inception	
Portfolio return	0.4%	5.7%	19.9%	10.6%	10.2%	9.2%	
Benchmark*	0.2%	4.3%	19.2%	10.9%	11.0%	9.3%	

Note: Past returns are not indicative of future performance.

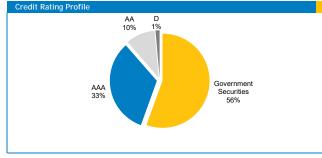
* Benchmark return has been computed by applying benchmark weightages on Nifty 50 for Equity and CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index for Debt

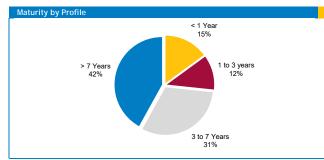


Sector Allocation (As per NIC Classification**)



**NIC Classification – Industrial sectors as defined under National Industrial Classification 2008

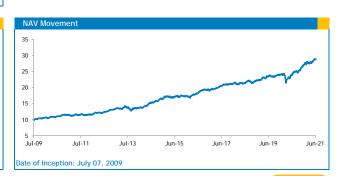




Fund Details		
Fund Manager	Funds managed	by the Fund Manager
Deb Bhattacharya	Equity - 2 Deb	ot - 8 Balanced -8
AUM as on 30-06-2021	NAV as on 30-06-2021	Modified Duration (Debt and Money Market)
Rs. 75 crore	Rs. 28.7627	4.5

Asset Classes	F&U	Actual
Government and other Debt Securities	25-95%	56.2%
Equities	5-35%	32.1%
Money Market and other liquid assets	0-40%	11.7%

7.16% GOI 2023 Sovereign 0.7% TOTAL 31.2% CORPORATE BONDS INDIABULLS HOUSING FINANCE LTD AA 5.6% HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPN. LTD. AAA 5.4% POWER FINANCE CORPN. LTD. AAA 4.9% POWER FINANCE CORPN. LTD. AAA 4.1% N T P C LTD. AAA 4.1% N T P C LTD. AAA 4.1% DEWAN HOUSING FINANCE CORPN. LTD. AAA 1.5% DEWAN HOUSING FINANCE CORPN. LTD. D 0.8% TOP 10 EQUITY SECURITIES RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD. 2.6% H D F C BANK LTD. 1.6% 1.6% INFOSYS LTD. 1.5% 1.6% AXIS BANK OF INDIA 1.1% AXIS BANK OF INDIA 1.0% 1.0% LARSEN & TOUBRO LTD. 1.0% 1.0% HINDUSTAN UNILEVER LTD. 0.9% Others TOTAL 32.1%	Portfolio Components		
TOP 10 GOVERNMENT SECURITIES 7.26% GOI 2029 Sovereign 7.6% 8.13% GOI 2045 Sovereign 4.5% 8.25% SDL 2026 Sovereign 3.9% 5.15% GOI 2030 Sovereign 2.6% 7.73% GOI 2033 Sovereign 2.5% 7.57% GOI 2033 Sovereign 2.1% 8.96% SDL 2035 Sovereign 1.6% 6.64% GOI 2033 Sovereign 1.6% 6.64% GOI 2035 Sovereign 1.3% 7.16% GOI 2023 Sovereign 0.7% TOTAL 31.2% 2 CORPORATE BONDS 31.2% CORPORATE BONDS 31.2% CORPORATE BONDS AA L&T INFRA DEBT FUND LTD AA L&T INFRA DEBT FUND LTD AAA SUNDARAM FINANCE CORPN. LTD. AAA DEWAN HOUSING FINANCE CORPN. LTD. D DEWAN HOUSING FINANCE CORPN. LTD. D TOTAL 25.0% TOTAL 26.6% I C I CI BANK LTD. 1.5% I C I CI BANK LTD. </th <th>Coourity</th> <th>Doting</th> <th>Not Accot</th>	Coourity	Doting	Not Accot
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5.15% GOI 2025 Sovereign 3.9% 5.77% GOI 2030 Sovereign 2.6% 7.73% GOI 2034 Sovereign 2.5% 7.57% GOI 2033 Sovereign 2.1% 8.96% SDL 2035 Sovereign 1.6% 6.64% GOI 2035 Sovereign 1.3% 7.16% GOI 2023 Sovereign 0.7% TOTAL 31.2% CORPORATE BONDS INDIABULLS HOUSING FINANCE LTD AA POWER FINANCE CORPN. LTD. AAA AAA AAA AAA Sovereign AAA CORPORATE BONDS TOTAL			



UNIT-LINKED Fund

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SFIN No: ULGF00105/06/04GRADEBTFND117

As on June 30, 2021

Gratuity Debt

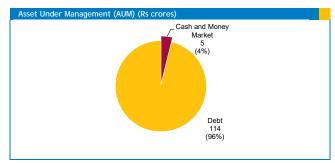
Investment Objective: To earn regular income by investing in high quality fixed income securities.

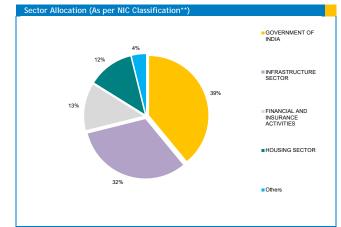
Investment Philosophy: The fund would target 100% investments in Government & other debt securities to meet the stated objectives.

Portfolio Return As on June 30, 2021							
Returns	Absolut	e Return		CA	GR Return		
Returns	Last 1 Month	Last 6 Months	Last 1 Year	Last 2 Years	Last 3 Years	Since Inception	
Portfolio return	-0.4%	0.7%	4.1%	4.9%	5.8%	7.5%	
Benchmark*	0.0%	0.9%	4.9%	8.9%	9.8%	8.5%	

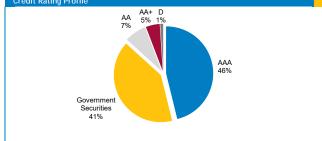
Note: Past returns are not indicative of future performance.

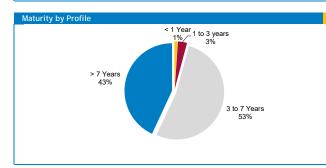
* Benchmark return has been computed by applying benchmark weightages on CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index





**NIC Classification – Industrial sectors as defined under National Industrial Classification 2008 Credit Rating Profile





Fund Details		
Fund Manager	Funds managed	by the Fund Manager
Deb Bhattacharya	Equity - 2 Deb	ot - 8 Balanced -8
AUM as on 30-06-2021	NAV as on 30-06-2021	Modified Duration (Debt and Money Market)
Rs. 119 crore	Rs. 21.5154	5.1

Asset Classes	F&U	Actual
Government and other Debt Securities	60-100%	96.1%
Money Market and other liquid assets	0-40%	3.9%

Security	Rating	Net Assets
TOP 10 GOVERNMENT SECURITIES		
8.96% SDL 2035	Sovereign	11.8%
5.15% GOI 2025	Sovereign	6.6%
7.57% GOI 2033	Sovereign	5.2%
7.2% SDL 2027	Sovereign	4.3%
5.77% GOI 2030	Sovereign	4.1%
8.83% GOI 2041	Sovereign	2.5%
7.59% GOI 2026	Sovereign	2.2%
8.4% GOI 2024	Sovereign	1.4%
6.64% GOI 2035	Sovereign	0.8%
8.13% GOI 2021	Sovereign	0.1%
Others		0.0%
TOTAL		39.0%
TOP 10 CORPORATE BONDS HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPN. LTD.	AAA	7.9%
HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPN. LTD.	AAA	7.9%
POWER GRID CORPN. OF INDIA LTD.	AAA	7.2%
POWER FINANCE CORPN. LTD.	AAA	6.1%
L&T INFRA DEBT FUND LTD	AAA	4.6%
N H P C LTD.	AAA	4.6%
SHRIRAM TRANSPORT FINANCE CO. LTD.	AA+	4.6%
INDIABULLS HOUSING FINANCE LTD	AA	4.4%
L I C HOUSING FINANCE LTD.	AAA	4.4%
INDIAN RAILWAY FINANCE CORPN. LTD.	AAA	3.7%
IDFC FIRST BANK LIMITED	AA	2.7%
Others		6.9%
TOTAL		57.1%
CASH AND MONEY MARKET		3.9%



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SFIN No: ULGF00410/09/14METSECUREF117

As on June 30, 2021

Group Met Secure fund (Open Fund)

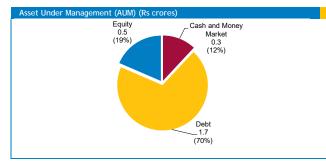
Investment Objective: To generate regular income by investing in high investment grade Fixed Income Securities and to generate capital appreciation by investing a limited portion in equities.

Investment Philosophy: The fund will target 15% investments in Equities and 85% investments in Government & other debt securities (Including Money Market) to meet the stated objectives.

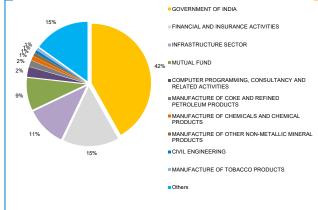
Portfolio Return					As on	June 30, 2021	
Determe	Absolut	e Return	CAGR Return				
Returns	Last 1 Month	Last 6 Months	Last 1 Year	Last 2 Years	Last 3 Years	Since Inception	
Portfolio return	0.2%	2.9%	-	-	-	3.0%	
Benchmark*	0.1%	2 7%	-	-	-	2.8%	

Note: Past returns are not indicative of future performance.

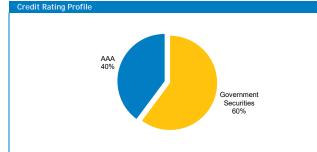
*Benchmark return has been computed by applying benchmark weightages on S&P BSE Sensex 50 for Equity, CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index for Debt and Crisil Overnight Index for Liquid.

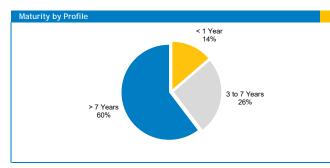






**NIC Classification – Industrial sectors as defined under National Industrial Classification 2008



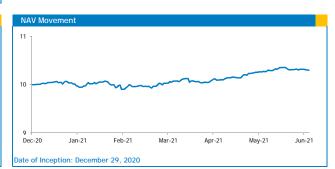


Fund Details		
Fund Manager Deb Bhattacharya	•	by the Fund Manager ot - 8 Balanced -8
AUM as on 30-06-2021	NAV as on 30-06-2021	Modified Duration (Debt and Money Market)
2.5	10.2976	5.3

Asset Classes	F&U	Actual
Listed Equities	10%-20%	18.5%
Government and other Debt Securities	10%-80%	69.5%
Money Market and other liquid assets	10%-80%	12.0%

Portfolio Components

Security	Rating	Net Assets
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES		
5.15% GOI 2025	Sovereign	15.9%
6.5% SDL 2030	Sovereign	15.9%
6.64% GOI 2035	Sovereign	10.1%
TOTAL		41.8%
CORPORATE BONDS		
POWER FINANCE CORPN. LTD.	AAA	9.5%
NATIONAL BANK FOR AGRICULTURE & RURAL DEVLP.	AAA	9.4%
EDELWEISS BHARAT BOND ETF -APRIL 2025	AAA	5.0%
EDELWEISS BHARAT BOND ETF -APRIL 2031	AAA	3.8%
TOTAL		27.7%
TOP 10 EQUITY SECURITIES		
RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD.		1.6%
INFOSYS LTD.		1.5%
H D F C BANK LTD.		1.3%
TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES LTD.		1.2%
I C I C I BANK LTD.		1.1%
HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPN. LTD.		0.8%
I T C LTD.		0.8%
LARSEN & TOUBRO LTD.		0.6%
BHARTI AIRTEL LTD.		0.6%
STATE BANK OF INDIA		0.6%
Others		8.6%
TOTAL		18.5%
CASH AND MONEY MARKET		12.0%
PORTFOLIO TOTAL		100.0%



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SFIN No: ULGF00510/09/14METGROWTHF117

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As on June 30, 2021

Group Met Growth Fund (Open Fund)

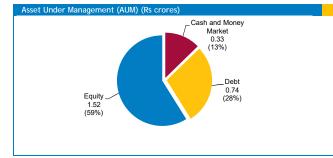
Investment Objective: To generate capital appreciation and current income, through a judicious mix of investments in equities and fixed income securities.

Investment Philosophy: The fund will target 55% investments in Equities and 45% investments in Government & other debt securities (Including Money Market) to meet the stated objectives.

Portfolio Return As on June 30, 2021						
Returns	Absolut	e Return	CAGR Return			
	Last 1 Month	Last 6 Months	Last 1 Year	Last 2 Years	Last 3 Years	Since Inception
Portfolio return	0.7%	7.9%	-	-	-	8.0%
Benchmark*	0.6%	7.4%	-	-	-	7.6%

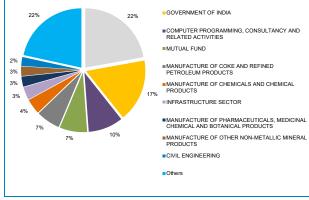
Note: Past returns are not indicative of future performance.

Sector back return has been computed by applying benchmark weightages on S&P BSE Sensex 50 for Equity, CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index for Debt and Crisil Overnight Index for Liquid.

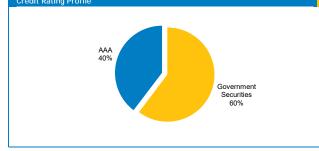


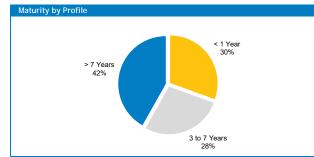
Sector Allocation (As per NIC Classification**)

FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES



**NIC Classification – Industrial sectors as defined under National Industrial Classification 2008 Credit Rating Profile





Fund Details			
Fund Manager	Funds managed by the Fund Manager		
Deb Bhattacharya	Equity - 2 Debt - 8 Balanced -8		
AUM as on 30-06-2021	NAV as on 30-06-2021	Modified Duration (Debt and Money Market)	
2.6	10.7985	4.3	

Asset Classes	F&U	Actual
Listed Equities	30%-60%	58.9%
Government and other Debt Securities	10%-60%	28.4%
Money Market and other liquid assets	10%-60%	12.7%

Portfolio Components

Security	Rating	Net Assets
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES		
6.64% GOI 2035	Sovereign	9.6%
5.15% GOI 2025	Sovereign	7.6%
TOTAL		17.2%
CORPORATE BONDS		
NATIONAL BANK FOR AGRICULTURE & RURAL DEVLP.	AAA	3.8%
EDELWEISS BHARAT BOND ETF -APRIL 2025	AAA	3.7%
EDELWEISS BHARAT BOND ETF -APRIL 2031	AAA	3.7%
TOTAL		11.3%
TOP 10 FOULTY SECURITIES		
RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD.		5.8%
INFOSYS LTD.		4.9%
H D F C BANK LTD.		4.8%
TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES LTD.		4.6%
ICICIBANK LTD.		3.8%
HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPN. LTD.		2.7%
STATE BANK OF INDIA		2.0%
LARSEN & TOUBRO LTD.		1.8%
KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LTD.		1.6%
HINDUSTAN UNILEVER LTD.		1.6%
Others		25.2%
TOTAL		58. <mark>9</mark> %
CASH AND MONEY MARKET		12.7%
PORTFOLIO TOTAL		100.0%





Quantitative Indicators

- Standard Deviation (SD) It shows how much the variation or dispersion of a fund's daily returns has from its average. Lesser SD indicates that the daily returns are moving closer to the average. A higher SD indicates that daily returns are widely spread over a large range of value.
- Beta It indicates how the fund is performing relative to its benchmark. If beta of a fund is higher than its benchmark, which is considered 1, it indicates risk-return trade-off is better and vice-versa.
- Sharpe Ratio It measures the risk-reward ratio as it indicates whether higher returns come with higher or lower risk. Greater the ratio, better is the risk-adjusted performance.
- Average Maturity It is the weighted average period of all the maturities of debt securities in the portfolio.
- Modified Duration (MD) It is the measurable change in the value of a security in response to a change in interest rates.
- Bond yield Bond yield is the amount of return an investor realizes on a bond. Several types of bond yields exist, including nominal yield (interest paid divided by the face value of the bond) and current yield (annual earnings of the bond divided by its current market price). Yield to maturity (YTM), a popular measure where in addition to coupon return it also additionally incorporates price decline/increase to face value of the bond over the maturity period.

Macroeconomic Indicators

- Macroeconomics Macroeconomics is the branch of economics that studies the behavior and performance of an
 economy as a whole. It focuses on the aggregate changes in the economy such as unemployment, growth rate,
 gross domestic product and inflation. Macroeconomics analyzes all aggregate indicators that influence the
 economy. Government and corporations use macroeconomic models to help in formulating of economic policies
 and strategies.
- Gross Domestic Product (GDP) GDP is one of the primary indicators used to gauge the health of a country's economy. It represents the total value of all goods and services produced over a specific time period. It can be stated in real terms or nominal terms (which includes inflation).
- Gross value added (GVA) GVA is a productivity metric that measures the contribution to an economy, producer, sector or region. Gross value added provides a value for the amount of goods and services that have been produced, less the cost of all inputs and raw materials that are directly attributable to that production.
- Index of Industrial Production (IIP) The index represents the production growth of various sectors in India. The index focuses on mining, electricity and manufacturing. The ongoing base year for calculation of index is 2004-2005.
- HSBC Purchasers Managers' Index (PMI) Three types of indices Manufacturing, Services and Composite Index are published on a monthly basis after surveys of private sector companies. An index reading above 50 indicates an overall increase in that variable, while below 50 shows an overall decrease.
- Inflation Inflation measures the change in the prices of a basket of goods and services in a year. From a calculation standpoint, it is the percentage change in the value of the Wholesale Price Index (WPI) / Consumer Price Index (CPI) on a year-on-year basis. It occurs due to an imbalance between demand and supply, changes in production and distribution cost or increase in taxes on products. When economy experiences inflation, i.e. when the price level of goods and services rises, the value of currency reduces.



Macroeconomic Indicators

- Nominal interest rate Nominal interest rate is the interest rate that does not take inflation impact into account. It is the interest rate that is quoted on bonds and loans.
- Real interest rate Real interest rate adjusts for the inflation and gives the real rate of a bond or a loan.
- Monetary Policy Monetary policy is the macroeconomic policy laid down by the Central bank. It involves
 management of money supply and interest rates to achieve macroeconomic objectives like inflation, consumption,
 growth and liquidity. Depending on growth-inflation dynamics, the central bank can either pursue an easy or a
 tight monetary policy. An expansionary/easy/ accommodative monetary policy involves expansion of money
 supply, mainly by keeping interest rates low, to boost economic growth. A contractionary/tight monetary policy
 involves reduction in money supply to control inflation in the economy.
- Liquidity The Central bank of a country has to maintain an appropriate level of liquidity to help meet the credit demand of the country as well as maintain price stability. This is done by way of direct monetary policy tools such as policy rates and cash reserves to be maintained with it by banks. It is also done by indirect means such as Open market Operations (OMO) which involve sale and purchase of Government securities.
- Fiscal Deficit This takes place when India's expenditure rises than its revenue. To fill this gap, the Government raises debt by issuing Government/ sovereign bonds. Fiscal deficit is usually compared with GDP to understand the financial position of the country. Rising fiscal deficit to GDP ratio is not good for the country, which requires immediate attention to cut expenditure and/or increase the source of revenue.
- Current Account Deficit (CAD) Current account deficit is a measurement of a country's trade where the value of
 imports of goods and services as well as net investment income or transfer from abroad is greater than the value
 of exports of goods and services for a country. This indicates that the country is a net debtor of foreign currency,
 which increases the pressure on the country's existing foreign currency reserves. Current account surplus is the
 opposite of this.
- Investment In private investment, the funds come from a private, for-profit business. A few examples of private investment are a private company's manufacturing plant, a commercial office building, or a shopping mall. In public investment, the money exchanged comes from a governmental entity such as a city, state, country, etc. It would involve roads, airports, dams and other public infrastructure.

Market Indices

- Nifty 50 Index It is a well diversified 50 stock index accounting for 22 sectors of the economy. It is used for a variety of purposes such as benchmarking fund portfolios, index based derivatives and index funds.
- CRISIL Composite Bond Fund Index It seeks to track the performance of a debt portfolio that includes government securities and AAA/AA rated corporate bonds.

Fixed Income Indicators

- Repo Rate The rate at which the RBI lends money to commercial banks is called repo rate. It is an instrument of monetary policy. Whenever shortage of funds banks has, they can borrow from the RBI.
- Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR) CRR is the amount of funds which the banks need to keep with the RBI. If the RBI decides to increase the CRR, the available amount with the banks comes down. The RBI uses the CRR to drain out excessive money from the system.



Fixed Income Indicators

- Marginal Standing Facility (MSF) It is a rate at which the RBI provides overnight lending to commercial banks over and above the repo window (repo rate). The interest rate charged is higher than the repo rate and hence it is used when there is considerable shortfall in liquidity.
- Statutory Liquidity ratio (SLR) In India, commercial banks are required to maintain a certain percentage of their total deposits (net demand and time liabilities) in notified Government securities to ensure safety and liquidity of deposits. This percentage is known as the SLR rate. If the RBI or Central Bank reduces the SLR rate, it means that higher liquidity will be available to banks for their lending activity and vice-versa.

Others

- Goods and Services Tax (GST) The GST is one of the biggest indirect tax reforms, with an aim to make India one unified common market. It is a single tax on the supply of goods and services, right from the manufacturer to the consumer. Credits of input taxes paid at each stage will be available in the subsequent stage of value addition, which makes GST essentially a tax only on value addition at each stage. The final consumer will thus bear only the GST charged by the last dealer in the supply chain, with set-off benefits at all the previous stages.
- Foreign institutional investors (FIIs) FIIs are those institutional investors who invest in the assets belonging to a
 different country other than that where these organizations are based. These are the big companies such as
 investment banks, mutual funds etc, which invest considerable amount of money in Indian equity and fixed
 income markets, and consequently have a strong bearing on the respective market movement and currency.
- Domestic institutional investors (DIIs)- DIIs are those institutional investors who undertake investment in securities and other financial assets of the country they are based in. Institutional investment is defined to be the investment done by institutions or organizations such as banks, insurance companies, and mutual fund houses in the financial or real assets of a country.
- Emerging market (EM) economy- An emerging market economy describes a nation's economy that is progressing toward becoming more advanced, usually by means of rapid growth and industrialization. These countries experience an expanding role both in the world economy and on the political frontier.
- Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)- The OPEC was formed in 1960 to unify and coordinate members' petroleum policies. This was aimed at ensuring the stability of oil markets in order to secure an efficient, economic, and regular supply of petroleum to customers as well as a steady income to producers with a fair return. Members of OPEC include Iran, Iraq, Syria, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates (or UAE), Oman, and Yemen. The OPEC countries produce 40% of the world's crude oil.
- Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC)- The FOMC is the monetary policymaking body of the Federal Reserve System. The FOMC is composed of 12 members seven members of the Board of Governors and five of the 12 Reserve Bank presidents.
- International Monetary Fund (IMF)- The IMF, formed in 1945, is an international organization of 189 countries, headquartered in Washington, D.C. The key objectives include fostering global monetary cooperation, securing financial stability, facilitating international trade, promoting high employment and sustainable economic growth, and reducing poverty around the world.



About Us



Milkar life aage badhaein

PNB MetLife India Insurance Company Limited (PNB MetLife) is one of the fastest growing life insurance companies in the country, having as its shareholders, MetLife International Holdings LLC. (MIHL), Punjab National Bank Limited (PNB), Jammu & Kashmir Bank Limited (JKB), M. Pallonji and Company Private Limited and other private investors, with MIHL and PNB being the majority shareholders. PNB MetLife has been present in India since 2001.

PNB MetLife brings together the financial strength of a leading global life insurance provider, MetLife, Inc., and the credibility and reliability of PNB, one of India's oldest and leading nationalised banks. The vast distribution reach of PNB together with the global insurance expertise and product range of MetLife makes PNB MetLife a strong and trusted insurance provider.

PNB MetLife is present in over 109 locations across the country and serves customers in more than 8,000 locations through its bank partnerships with PNB, JKB and Karnataka Bank Limited.

PNB MetLife provides a wide range of protection and retirement products through its Agency sales of over 6,000 financial advisors and multiple bank partners, and provides access to Employee Benefit plans for over 1,200 corporate clients in India. The company continues to be consistently profitable and has declared profits for last five Financial Years.

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